## Co crayon

## Q1 2023 Financial Report

## Contents

Highlights ..... 3
Business review ..... 4
Financial review ..... 5
Financial statements and notes ..... 7

## Highlights

- Entering the year with strong growth and improved profitability.
- Market demand remains resilient.
- Gross profit increased $31 \%$ to NOK 1,258m mainly driven by Nordics and Europe delivering 26\% and 53\% respectively.
- Software and Cloud Direct continues its strong performance with $50 \%$ gross profit growth.
- Adj. EBITDA grew by $50 \%$ to NOK 185 m corresponding to a margin of $14.7 \%$.
- Channel business continue to scale, and margin ended at 59\%, up from 50\% in Q1 2022
- Cashflow from operations was NOK 69m, driven by positive net working capital changes.


## Key figures

|  |  |  | Full year |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Q1 2023 | Q1 2022 <br> Restated | 2022 |
| (NOK millions) | Unaudited | Unaudited | Audited |
| Revenue | 1,416 | 1,071 | 5,200 |
| Gross profit | 1,258 | 960 | 4,496 |
| EBITDA | 184 | 116 | 751 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 185 | 123 | 839 |
| Operating profit/EBIT | 102 | 47 | 417 |
| Net income | -91 | 57 | 23 |
| Cash flow from operations | 69 | -328 | 102 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Adjusted EBITDA margin (\%) | $14.7 \%$ | $12.8 \%$ | $18.7 \%$ |
| Earnings per share (NOK) | -1.01 | 0.66 | 0.29 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Mar 31,2023 | Mar 31,2022 | Dec 31,2022 |
| Net interest-bearing debt | 1,808 | 1,568 | 1,805 |
| Liquidity reserve | 1,917 | 1,086 | 1,487 |
| Leverage ratio (multiple) | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.2 |
| Net working capital | -218 | 181 | -121 |
| Full-time equivalents (FTE) | 3,718 | 3,135 | 3,447 |

Figures for Q1 and March 31, 2022, are restated and reported according to revised accounting policy regarding agent versus principal assessment for software resellers. See note 3 for further information. See last section for details on Alternative Performance Measures


## Gross Profit

NOK million


Adjusted EBITDA
NOK million


## Business review

(Figures in parentheses refer to the same period in the previous year)

Demand remained strong in Q1, 2023 and gross profit grew with $31 \%$ while Adj. EBITDA increased with NOK 62 m , corresponding to a margin of $14.7 \%$, up from $12.8 \%$ in the same quarter previous year.

Gross Profit growth was particularly strong in the Nordics and Europe with $26 \%$ and $53 \%$ respectively, mainly driven by Software and Cloud Direct.

Efforts to expand service business in Europe are showing results and Software and Cloud Economic grew $72 \%$ while the Consulting business grew $42 \%$.

Gross profit from international markets now represents $56 \%$ of the group, and $49 \%$ of Adj. EBITDA for the last twelve months.

Adj. EBITDA margin improved from $12.8 \%$ to $14.7 \%$ driven by increased scale and operating leverage. The decline in Adj. EBITDA margin for the market clusters relates to a larger share of HQ cost being allocated.

## Market Clusters

All market clusters continued strong growth with Nordics and Europe being the main drivers growing $26 \%$ and $53 \%$ respectively. Both regions saw strong growth in Software \& Cloud Direct while in Europe the service business is gaining traction, growing $57 \%$ in total.

The Nordics remains Crayon's largest market cluster and continues to deliver strong growth across all countries. Software \& Cloud Direct grew $40 \%$ with strong contribution from Sweden, Denmark and Finland, all growing their Direct business over 50\%. Adj. EBITDA in the Nordics increased NOK 28 m reflecting a margin of $33 \%$, a slight decline compared to the same quarter previous year. The decline is mainly due to a larger share of HQ cost being allocated to market clusters.

Investments to support growth in the US are showing results. Gross Profit increased 25\% to NOK 144m. YoY, driven by solid growth of $25 \%$ in Software \& Cloud Direct. Consulting business was particularly strong with a Gross Profit growth of $47 \%$. EBITDA ended at NOK -9 m . The negative margin is a result of ongoing investments to strengthen the organization and support future growth.

## Business Areas

All business areas developed positively in the quarter, with Software \& Cloud and Services Gross Profit growing $45 \%$ and $27 \%$ respectively.

Gross profit in Software \& Cloud Direct grew $54 \%$ to NOK 402 m (NOK 262m). Software \& Cloud Channel also delivered solid gross profit growth of $34 \%$ YoY. Profitability remains strong for the Software \& Cloud division with an Adj. EBITDA of NOK 342 (NOK 210 m ), corresponding to a margin of $51.4 \%$ (45.8\%).

Gross profit in the Services division grew by $27 \%$ to NOK 574 m . Adj. EBITDA came in at NOK 42m with a positive margin of 7.3\%, which is a reduction from $12.6 \%$ in Q1 2022. The reduction in margins is driven by continued investments in new service capabilities and ramp-up time of new resources in particular in Europe and US.


## Financial review

(Figures in parentheses refer to the same period in the previous year)

In 2022 Crayon changed its interpretation regarding principal versus agent assessment under IFRS 15 for Software Resellers. Comparable numbers for Q1, 2022 have been restated according to this change, and all comments are based on restated numbers. See Note 3 for more details on the change in accounting policy.

## Revenue and gross profit

Revenue in Q1 2023 increased by 32\% YoY to NOK 1,416m, with a gross profit of NOK 1,258m, up from NOK 960m in Q1 2022. The gross profit growth is distributed across all market clusters. The constant currency growth was $23 \%$.

## Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA increased $50 \%$ ( $43 \%$ in constant currency) to NOK 185 m from the same quarter last year. The increase derives from an increase in gross profit of $31 \%$. Payroll and other operating expenses increased with $28 \%$.

Adjustments only included share-based compensations of NOK 1 m for the quarter.

## Net income

Depreciation, amortization and impairment increased by NOK 13 m and $19 \%$ YoY. The main reason for increase is depreciations related to the new office building in Oslo and increased investments and depreciations related to development costs.

Interest expenses increased YoY by NOK 20m in Q1 to NOK 59m due to increase in both rates and net interest-bearing debt including new leases.

Net other financial items contributed negatively to the quarter with NOK 152 m compared to a positive effect of NOK 71 m the same quarter last year. The expense is largely due to currency effects of NOK weakening significantly towards significant group currencies such as EUR, USD, DKK and SEK. Having a significant number of transactions and settlements in foreign currencies, several companies in the group and in particular Norway, are sensitive to currency changes on monetary assets such as accounts receivables, accounts payables, loans and cash, including group internal balances. Correspondingly we had other comprehensive income of NOK 197m related to positive effect of currency translation of subsidiaries to NOK, of which effect of translating cash in subsidiaries to NOK contributed with NOK 87 m .

Net income amounted to NOK -91m compared to NOK +57 m last year, significantly impacted by other financial items. Due to the positive currency translation difference of NOK 197m, total comprehensive income ended at NOK +106 m .

Earnings per share amounted to NOK $-1,01$ for Q1 compared to NOK $+0,66$ last year.


Adj. EBITDA by Market Cluster NOK million


For illustration purposes. 2020 is based on historical numbers while 2021 and 2022 are in accordance with new accounting policy.

## Balance sheet

Total intangible assets increased with NOK 194m to NOK 4,185m, mainly due to currency adjustments.

Total receivables increased with $38 \%$ to NOK 9,176m compared to Q1, 2022. The increase is connected to increased revenue and currency adjustments. Additionally, the net working capital is negatively impacted by a significant delayed public sector payment in the Philippines amounting to approximately USD 45 m . The Group has obtained a legal opinion supporting the claim, and no loss provisions have been made. Total bad debt provisions amount to NOK 122m at the end of the quarter, slightly increased from year end due to currency adjustments. Crayon has non-recourse factoring agreements, which have been implemented for a set of customers in Norway and in Denmark. As of March 31, 2023, factoring reduced accounts receivable by NOK 250 m (NOK 162m).

Total interest-bearing liability decreased from last quarter with NOK 120 m to NOK 3,163 , mainly due to repayment of long-term revolving credit facilities. Total cash reduced by NOK 117 m to $1,413 \mathrm{~m}$ at the end of the quarter, leaving net interest-bearing debt at NOK $1,808 \mathrm{~m}$, about the same level as end of last quarter.

Equity increased to NOK 2,630m during the quarter driven by other comprehensive income gain on currency translation of NOK 197m and the total comprehensive income of NOK 106m. The equity ratio remained at $17 \%$.

## Cash flow

Cash flow from operations in Q1 2023 was NOK 69m, a significant increase form NOK -328m last year. In addition to improved EBITDA this relates to improved net trade working capital of NOK 661m, reduced by negative development in other working capital of NOK 564 m mainly related to increase in unbilled revenues and public duties receivable. The increase in public duty receivables regard to refundable VAT in Norway connected to record high software vendor billing in the quarter. Unbilled revenue increased $16 \%$ from last quarter, same as the increase in gross sales.

Cash paid for investing activities amounted to NOK 34m (NOK 24m).
Cash flow for financing activities amounted to NOK -238m (NOK -83m). Included is repayment of revolving credit facilities amounting to NOK 150 m .

The liquidity position remained strong, with a total liquidity reserve of NOK $1,917 \mathrm{~m}$ on March 31, 2023.

## Leverage

Net interest-bearing debt as of March 31, 2023, was NOK 1,808m, with a corresponding leverage ratio of 2.0x Adj. EBITDA ${ }^{11}$, providing significant headroom with regards to bank covenants ( 4.5 x Adj. EBITDA ${ }^{1}$ ) as of the end of the quarter.

## Employees

Our people are our greatest asset, and we strive to continuously attract, develop, and retain top talent, but even more importantly, we empower our employees to perform at the best of their abilities every day.

The number of full-time equivalents on March 31, 2023, increased by 19\% to 3,718 compared to 3,135 on March 31, 2022, and by $8 \%$ compared to 3,447 on December 31, 2022.

## Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income



## Comprehensive income

Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss

| Currency translation | 197 | -26 | 134 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Comprehensive income net of tax | 106 | 31 | 157 |


| Allocation of net income |  | 1 | 2 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Non-controlling interests | 0 | 55 | 21 |
| Owners of Crayon Group Holding ASA | -91 | 57 | 23 |
| Net income allocated | -91 | 0.66 | 0.29 |


| Allocation of comprehensive income |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Non-controlling interests | 2 | -1 | 7 |
| Owners of Crayon Group Holding ASA | 104 | 32 | 150 |
| Comprehensive income allocated | 106 | 31 | 157 |

## Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet Statement

| (NOK millions) |  | Mar 31, 2023 | Mar 31, 2022 | Dec 31, 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS | Note | Unaudited | Restated Unaudited | Audited |
| Non-current assets: |  |  |  |  |
| Development Costs | 8 | 124 | 92 | 120 |
| Technology and software | 8 | 31 | 97 | 37 |
| Contracts | 8 | 554 | 581 | 541 |
| Software licenses (IP) | 8 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Goodwill | 9 | 3,279 | 3,004 | 3,147 |
| Deferred tax asset |  | 197 | 70 | 145 |
| Total intangible assets |  | 4,185 | 3,846 | 3,991 |
| Equipment |  | 99 | 62 | 90 |
| Right-of-use assets | 12 | 452 | 106 | 451 |
| Total tangible assets |  | 552 | 168 | 542 |
| Investment in associated companies |  | 42 | 36 | 43 |
| Other non-current receivables |  | 61 | 37 | 71 |
| Total financial assets |  | 104 | 73 | 114 |
| Total non-current assets |  | 4,841 | 4,087 | 4,646 |
| Current assets: |  |  |  |  |
| Inventory |  | 19 | 2 | 17 |
| Total inventory |  | 19 | 2 | 17 |
| Accounts receivable | 11 | 6,617 | 4,866 | 6,563 |
| Other current receivables | 13 | 2,559 | 1,760 | 2,077 |
| Total receivables |  | 9,176 | 6,626 | 8,640 |
| Cash \& cash equivalents | 10 | 1,413 | 785 | 1,530 |
| Total current assets |  | 10,608 | 7,413 | 10,187 |
| Total assets |  | 15,449 | 11,500 | 14,833 |


| (NOK millions) |  | Mar 31, 2023 | Mar 31, 2022 | Dec 31, 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | Note | Unaudited | Restated Unaudited | Audited |
| Shareholders' equity: |  |  |  |  |
| Share capital |  | 89 | 88 | 89 |
| Own shares |  | -0 | -0 | -0 |
| Share premium |  | 1,818 | 1,734 | 1,818 |
| Total paid-in equity |  | 1,907 | 1,822 | 1,907 |
| Retained earnings |  | 700 | 501 | 604 |
| Total equity attributable to parent company shareholders |  | 2,607 | 2,324 | 2,511 |
| Non-controlling interests |  | 24 | 26 | 30 |
| Total shareholders' equity |  | 2,630 | 2,350 | 2,540 |
| Non-current liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Interest-bearing liabilities | 10 | 2,529 | 1,773 | 2,678 |
| Deferred tax liabilities |  | 203 | 185 | 200 |
| Lease liabilities | 10 | 414 | 80 | 410 |
| Other non-current liabilities |  | 39 | 31 | 33 |
| Total non-current liabilities |  | 3,184 | 2,069 | 3,321 |
| Current liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 7,281 | 4,945 | 6,563 |
| Income taxes payable |  | 100 | 52 | 76 |
| Public duties |  | 484 | 415 | 613 |
| Current lease liabilities | 10 | 73 | 37 | 73 |
| Other current interest-bearing liabilities | 10 | 147 | 413 | 122 |
| Other current liabilities |  | 1,549 | 1,219 | 1,525 |
| Total current liabilities |  | 9,634 | 7,081 | 8,972 |
| Total liabilities |  | 12,818 | 9,150 | 12,293 |
| Total equity and liabilities |  | 15,449 | 11,500 | 14,833 |

## Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

|  | Full year |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Restated |  |
| Cash flows from operating activities: |  |  |  |
| Net income before tax | -110 | 79 | 65 |
| Taxes paid | -26 | -38 | -118 |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment | 81 | 69 | 334 |
| Net interest expense | 53 | 32 | 164 |
| Changes in trade working capital | 661 | -241 | -333 |
| Changes in other working capital and other adjustments | -591 | -228 | -11 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | 69 | -328 | 102 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Cash flows from investing activities: |  |  |  |
| Payment for capitalized assets | -34 | -24 | -142 |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries - (net of cash acquired) and associated companies | 0 | 0 | -57 |
| Divestment - net of cash | 0 | 0 | -26 |
| Net cash flow from investing activities | -34 | -24 | -225 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Cash flows from financing activities: |  |  |  |
| Net interest paid on interest-bearing liabilities | -50 | -30 | -174 |
| Share issues | 0 | 0 | 73 |
| Acquisition/disposal of non-controlling interests | -24 | -40 | -50 |
| Proceeds from issuance of interest bearing liabilities | 0 | 0 | 900 |
| Repayment of interest-bearing liabilities | -165 | -14 | -351 |
| Net cash flow from financing activities | -238 | -83 | 398 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | -203 | -435 | 275 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 1,530 | 1,217 | 1,217 |
| Currency translation | 87 | 3 | 38 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | 1,413 | 785 | 1,530 |

## Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholder's Equity

Year to date period ending

| Mar 31, 2022 | Atributable to equity holders of Crayon Group Holding ASA |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (NOK millions) | Share capital | Own shares | Share premium | Other Equity | Total | Non-controlling interests | Total equity |
| Balance at Dec 31, 2021 | 88 | -0 | 1,734 | 299 | 2,122 | 36 | 2,158 |
| Restatement | 0 | 0 | 0 | 195 | 195 | 0 | 195 |
| Balance at Dec 31, 2021 | 88 | -0 | 1,734 | 494 | 2,316 | 36 | 2,353 |
| Net income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 76 | 76 | -1 | 74 |
| Net income restatement | 0 | 0 | 0 | -18 | -18 | 0 | -18 |
| Currency translation | 0 | 0 | 0 | -26 | -26 | 0 | -26 |
| Total comprehensive income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 32 | -1 | 31 |
| Share-based compensation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| Transactions with non-controlling interests | 0 | 0 | 0 | -30 | -30 | -9 | -40 |
| Transactions with owners | 0 | 0 | 0 | -25 | -25 | -9 | -34 |
| Balance as of end of period | 88 | -0 | 1,734 | 501 | 2,324 | 26 | 2,350 |


| Mar 31, 2023 | Attributable to equity holders of Crayon Group Holding ASA |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (NOK millions) | Share capital | Own shares | Share premium | Other Equity | Total | Non-controlling interests | Total equity |
| Balance at Dec 31, 2022 | 89 | -0 | 1,818 | 604 | 2,511 | 30 | 2,540 |
| Net income | 0 | 0 | 0 | -91 | -91 | -0 | -91 |
| Currency translation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 195 | 195 | 2 | 197 |
| Total comprehensive income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 104 | 104 | 2 | 106 |
| Share-based compensation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| Transactions with non-controlling interests | 0 | 0 | 0 | -14 | -14 | -8 | -22 |
| Transactions with owners | 0 | 0 | 0 | -8 | -8 | -8 | -16 |
| Balance as of end of period | 89 | -0 | 1,818 | 700 | 2,607 | 24 | 2,630 |

## Note 1 - Corporate information

The Board of Directors has approved the condensed interim financial statements as at March 31, 2023, for publication on May 23, 2023. These Group financial statements have not been subject to audit or review.

Crayon Group Holding ASA is a public limited company registered in Norway. The headquarter is located at Gullhaug Torg 5, 0484 Oslo, Norway. Crayon Group Holding ASA is listed on Oslo Stock Exchange (Oslo Børs) under the ticker "CRAYN".

Crayon specializes in supporting customers across all industry sectors with complex local, regional and global IT estates. Crayon helps clients specify, plan, deploy, manage and optimize technology ecosystems.

Crayon had 3,718 full-time equivalents across 46 countries at the end of the period.

## Note 2 - Basis of preparation

The consolidated condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS), IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". The condensed interim financial statements do not include all information and disclosures required in the annual financial statement and should be read in accordance with the Group's Annual Report for 2022, which has been prepared according to IFRS as adopted by EU. The report has not been audited.

The preparation of interim financial statements requires the Group to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the management based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are deemed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The most significant judgements used in preparing these interim financial statements and the key areas of estimation uncertainty are the same as those applied in the consolidated annual report for 2022.

The numbers presented have been changed from NOK thousand in prior quarters to NOK million in Q1, 2023.

## Note 3 - Significant accounting principles

The accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated interim financial statement are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the annual IFRS financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2022.

## Change in accounting policy due to IFRS 15-principal vs agent IASB Interpretation Committee agenda decision

In 2022 and as part of the Q4 reporting and the Annual Report for 2022, Crayon reassessed whether the group acts as a principal or an agent for transactions under the software and cloud divisions. The reassessment caused need for restatement of annual numbers for 2021 and for prior quarters in 2022. For further information see Note 2.5 and 2.6 in the Annual Report for 2022.

Comparable numbers for Q1, 2022 has been restated according to IAS 8. The adjusted amounts for comparative periods are presented in the table below.

Effect of Restated Statement of Income and Balance Sheet

|  | Q1 2022 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (NOK millions) | Reported | IFRS 15 Restatement | Restated |
| Revenue | 1,040 | 31 | 1,071 |
| Cost of sales | -111 | 0 | -111 |
| Gross profit | 929 | 31 | 960 |
| Payroll and related expenses | -665 | -52 | 71 |
| Other operating expenses | -117 | -2 | -120 |
| Share based compensation | -5 | 0 | -5 |
| Other income and expenses | -2 | 0 | -2 |
| EBITDA | 139 | -23 | 116 |
| Adjustments | 7 | 0 | 7 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 146 | -23 | 123 |
| Operating profit/EBIT | 70 | -23 | 47 |
| Net income before tax | 102 | -23 | 79 |
| Income tax expense on ordinary result | -28 | 5 | 23 |
| Net income | 74 | -18 | 57 |


|  | Mar 31, 2022 |  | Mar 31, 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (NOK millions) | Reported | IFRS 15 <br> Restatement | Restated |
| Non-current assets: |  |  |  |
| Total non-current assets | 4,087 | 0 | 4,087 |


| Total non-current as |
| :--- |
| Current assets: |

$\frac{\text { Current assets: }}{\frac{\text { Total inventory }}{\text { Accounts receivable }}}$

| Accounts receivable | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |


| Other current receivables | 1,564 | 196 | 1,760 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total receivables | 6,430 | 196 | 6,626 |
| Cash \& cash equivalents | 785 | 0 | 785 |


| Cash \& cash equivalents | 785 | 0 | 785 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total current assets | 7,217 | 196 | 7,413 |

Total current assets
Total assets
$\qquad$
Shareholders' equity:

| Total paid-in equity | 1,822 | 0 | 1,822 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Retained earnings | 324 | 177 | 501 |
| Total equity attributable to parent company shareholders | 2,147 | 177 | 2,324 |
| Non-controlling interests | 26 | 0 | 26 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 2,173 | 177 | 2,350 | Total shareholders' equity


|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1,773 | 0 | 1,773 |
|  | 135 | 50 | 185 |
| es | 80 | 0 | 80 |
|  | 3, | 0 | 31 |
|  | 2,019 | 50 | 2,069 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 4,945 | 0 | 4,945 |
|  | 52 | 0 | 52 |
|  | 415 | 0 | 415 |
|  | 37 | 0 | 37 |
| arilies | 413 | 0 | 413 |
|  | 1,250 | -31 | 1,219 |
|  | 7,112 | -31 | 7,081 |

Interest-bearing liabilities 1.773

Deferred tax liabilities
Lease liabilities
Other non-current liabilities Total non-current liabilitis

## Current liabilities:

Accounts payable
Public duties
Current lease liabilities
Other current interest-bearing liabilities
Other current liabilities
Total current liabilitie Total liabilities ,11304

## Effect of Restated Segment Information



## Note 4 - Depreciation, amortization and impairment

Depreciation, amortization and impairment consist of the following:

|  |  | Full year |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (NOK millions) | Q1 2023 | Q1 2022 | 2022 |
| Depreciation | 29 | 23 | 111 |
| Amortization of intangibles | 52 | 45 | 192 |
| Impairment | 0 | 0 | 31 |
| Total | 81 | 69 | 334 |

See Note 8 for breakdown of intangible assets. See Note 12 for more information on Right-of-use-assets

Note 5 - Other financial income and expenses
Other financial income and expenses, consists of the following:

|  |  | Full year |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (NOK millions) | Q1 2023 | Q1 2022 | 2022 |
| Interest income | 6 | 7 | 29 |
| Impairment losses on financial assets | 0 | 0 | -14 |
| Other financial expense, net | -159 | 64 | -180 |
| Total | -152 | 71 | -164 |

Other financial expenses largely relate to currency changes from foreign to functional currencies related to monetary assets such as accounts receivables, accounts payables, loans and cash, including group internal balances. The weakening of NOK towards some of our main currencies such as EUR, USD, DKK and SEK during the quarter is the most important reason. Correspondingly the weakening of NOK caused a positive translation difference from functional currencies to NOK reported as Other Comprehensive Income of NOK 197m, of which effect of translating cash in subsidiaries to NOK contributed with NOK 87m. Impairment losses on financial assets in 2022 relate to impairment on loans to our former Russian subsidiary.

## Note 6 - Segment information

The Group regularly reports revenue, gross profit and adjusted EBITDA in operating segments and geographical market clusters to the Board of Directors (the Group's chief operating decision makers). While Crayon uses all three measures to analyze performance, the Group's strategy of profitable growth means that adjusted EBITDA is the prevailing measure of performance. Our internal operating and reporting model focus on us acting as a principal rather than an agent, and consequently our segment information reports accounting to our prior year principle except for revenues being reported net. The adjustment to the new accounting principle following the IFRIC decisions is included as an adjustment under Admin and Elimination for Market Clusters.

The reporting segment are Software \& Cloud Direct, Software \& Cloud Channel, Software \& Cloud Economics and Consulting in addition to Admin \& Shared services. Further information is found in Note 2 in the Annual report for 2022.

- Software \& Cloud Direct is Crayon's license offering from software vendors (e.g., Microsoft, Adobe, Symantec, Citrix, Vmware, Oracle, IBM and others). The emphasis is towards standard software, which customers consistently use year after year, and which plays a key role in their technological platforms and critical commercial processes.
- Software \& Cloud Channel is Crayon's offering towards hosters, system integrators and independent software vendors (ISV) which includes license advisory/optimization, software license sales and access to Crayons proprietary tools and IP.
- Software \& Cloud Economics services include processes and tools for enabling clients to build in-house Software Asset Management (SAM) capabilities, license spend optimization, and support for clients in vendor audits.
- Consulting consists of Cloud Consulting and Solution Consulting services related to infrastructure consulting, cloud migration and deployment, bespoke software deployment and follow-up of applications.
- Admin \& Shared services includes administrative income and costs, corporate administrative costs (excluding other income and expenses), unallocated global shared costs and eliminations.

The market clusters are composed of operations in the different geographical areas. Crayon operates with five geographical areas: Nordics, Europe, APAC \& MEA and US in addition to HQ \& Eliminations. HQ \& Eliminations includes corporate admin costs excluding other income and expenses, unallocated global shared cost, IFRS 15 adjustments and eliminations.

|  | Q1 2023 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Software \& Cloud |  | Senices |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Admin \& } \\ \text { Eliminations } \end{array}$ | Total |
|  | Software \& | Software \& |  | Consulting |  |  |
| Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nordics | 171 | 52 | 47 | 383 | -1 | 652 |
| Europe | 110 | 35 | 66 | 63 | 2 | 276 |
| APAC \& MEA | 69 | 142 | 18 | 125 | -4 | 350 |
| us | 38 | 13 | 85 | 22 | 0 | 159 |
| HQ | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 76 | 82 |
| Eliminations | 9 | 19 | 0 | -1 | -131 | -103 |
| Revenue | 402 | 263 | 215 | 594 | -59 | 1,416 |
| Gross profit |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nordics | 171 | 52 | 41 | 275 | -1 | 539 |
| Europe | 110 | 35 | 46 | 39 | 2 | 232 |
| APAC \& MEA | 69 | 142 | 13 | 67 | -4 | 287 |
| us | 38 | 13 | 77 | 16 | 0 | 144 |
| HQ | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 76 | 82 |
| Eliminations | 9 | 19 | 0 | 0 | -54 | -26 |
| Gross profit | 402 | 263 | 177 | 397 | 18 | 1,258 |
| Operating expenses | -216 | -107 | -157 | -376 | -219 | -1,074 |
| EBITDA | 186 | 156 | 21 | 22 | -201 | 184 |
| Depreciation and Amortization |  |  |  |  |  | -81 |
| Share of results from associates |  |  |  |  |  | -1 |
| Net financial income and expenses |  |  |  |  |  | -212 |
| Net income before tax |  |  |  |  |  | -110 |
| Adjustments |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 186 | 156 | 21 | 22 | -199 | 185 |

Segment information March 31, 2022 - Restated


| (NOK millions) | Q1 2023 Unaudited | Q1 2022 <br> Restated Unaudited | Full year $2022$ <br> Audited |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adj EBITDA - Operating Segment |  |  |  |
| - Software \& Cloud Direct | 186 | 113 | 727 |
| - Software \& Cloud Channel | 156 | 97 | 504 |
| Total Adj EBITDA - Software \& Cloud | 342 | 210 | 1,231 |
| - Software \& Cloud Economics | 21 | 12 | 88 |
| - Consulting | 22 | 45 | 148 |
| Total Adj EBITDA - Services | 42 | 57 | 236 |
| Admin \& shared services | -200 | -144 | -628 |
| Total Adjusted EBITDA | 185 | 123 | 839 |
|  |  |  | Full year |
|  | Q1 2023 | Q1 2022 | 2022 |
|  |  | Restated |  |
| (NOK millions) | Unaudited | Unaudited | Audited |
| Adj EBITDA per Market Cluster |  |  |  |
| - Nordics | 177 | 149 | 600 |
| - Europe | 18 | 12 | 132 |
| - APAC \& MEA | 33 | 34 | 269 |
| - US | -9 | 7 | 29 |
| - HQ | -34 | -78 | -191 |
| Total Adjusted EBITDA | 185 | 123 | 839 |

## Note 7 - Share options

Please refer to Note 6 in Annual Report 2022 for overview and details on the different ongoing option and employee share purchase programs. There are no new program or changes to existing programs during Q1 2023. Cost related to share-based compensation, as displayed in the table below, includes employee social security tax. Negative amounts are related to reversal of accrued employee social security tax because of a reduction in share price during the quarter.

|  |  | Full year |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (NOK millions) | Q1 2023 | Q1 2022 | 2022 |
| Share incentive scheme (IPO) | 0 | -1 | -4 |
| Employee share purchase programs | 2 | 2 | 9 |
| Management share option programs | -1 | 4 | 8 |
| Total | 1 | 5 | 13 |

Note 8 - Intangible assets

|  | Software <br> licenses (IP) | Development <br> costs | Contracts | Technology <br> and software | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (NOK millions) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acquisition cost at Jan 1, 2023 | 9 | 479 | 1,011 | 215 | 1,714 |
| Additions | 0 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 21 |
| Disposals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Currency translation | 0 | 7 | 32 | 2 | 41 |
| Acquisition cost at Mar 31, 2023 | 9 | 507 | 1,043 | 217 | 1,776 |
| Amortization and impairment Jan 1, 2023 | 7 | 359 | 469 | 179 | 1,015 |
| Amortization | 0 | 24 | 20 | 8 | 52 |
| Accumulated amortization and impairment | 7 | 384 | 489 | 187 | 1,066 |
| at Mar 31, 2023 | 7 | 124 | 554 | 31 | 710 |
| Net book value at Mar 31, 2023 | 2 |  |  |  |  |


| Amortization period | $0-5$ years | 3 years | $5-20$ years | $3-10$ years |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Amortization method | Linear | Linear | Linear | Linear |

The company recognizes intangible assets if it is likely that the expected future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the company and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets with a limited useful life are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and impairments. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. Amortization period is reviewed annually.

Amortization of intangible assets identified as part of purchase price allocation from acquisitions amount to NOK 22m year to date.

The company divides its Intangible assets into the following categories in the balance sheet:

## Software licenses (IP):

Intangible assets from historical acquisitions.

## Development cost:

Crayon capitalizes expenses related to development activities according to IAS 38. Expenses capitalized include costs of materials and services used or consumed in generating the intangible asset and costs of employee benefits arising from the generation of the intangible asset. Capitalized development costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life.

## Contracts:

The intangible asset value related to contractual customers are mainly from the acquisitions of Sensa and rhipe. These assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lifetime.

## Technology and software:

Technology and software include intangible assets arising from the business combinations of Anglepoint and rhipe. Anglepoint contain capitalized software and technology developed internally by Anglepoint. Intangible assets from the rhipe acquisition are related to an internally developed subscription management platform used in the licensing business.

## Note 9 - Goodwill

Goodwill arising on business combinations is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the net identifiable assets (including intangible assets) and liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition and relates to the future economic benefits arising from assets which are not capable of being identified and separately recognized. Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Reconciliation of the carrying amount of goodwill is presented below:

|  | Goodwill |
| :--- | ---: |
| (NOK millions) | 3,256 |
| Aquisition cost at Jan 1, 2023 | 4 |
| Additions | 128 |
| Currency translation | 3,388 |
| Aquisition cost at Mar 31, 2023 | 110 |
| Impairment at Jan 1, 2023 | 0 |
| Impairment during the period | 110 |
| Accumulated Impairment at Mar 31, 2023 | $\mathbf{3 , 2 7 9}$ |
| Net book value at Mar 31, 2023 |  |

Additions is related to adjustment of preliminary acquisition in UK in 2022.
The Group performs an impairment test for goodwill on an annual basis or when there are impairment indicators. There were no impairment indicators during Q1, 2023. See note 9 in the Annual Report for 2022 for further information.

## Note 10 - Interest-bearing debt

Interest-bearing debt is recognized at amortized cost.
On July 1, 2021, Crayon entered a NOK 1,800m 4-year senior unsecured floating rate bond with a coupon of 3 months NIBOR +375 bps. The bond was issued July 15, 2021, and matures July 15, 2025 and is listed on the Oslo Stock Exchange (CRAYON 04).

On 31 March 2023 the Group have utilized revolving credit facility (RCF) of NOK 750m that mature on April 15, 2025. The liability is presented as a non-current liability.

Total unused credit facilities (RCF and cash pool) amounted to NOK 563m at the end of the quarter.

Transaction costs of NOK 29 m related to the NOK $1,800 \mathrm{~m}$ bond and the RCF are carried at amortized cost.

Net interest-bearing debt means senior debt to credit institutions and other interest-bearing debt including leasing less non-restricted cash.

| (NOK millions) | Mar 31, 2023 | Mar 31, 2022 | Dec 31, 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Bond loan, non-current liabilities | 1,779 | 1,773 | 1,778 |
| Revolving credit facility | 750 | 0 | 900 |
| Bond loan, current liabilities | 0 | 300 | 0 |
| Lease liabilities | 414 | 80 | 410 |
| Current lease liabilities | 73 | 37 | 73 |
| Other current interest-bearing liabilities | 147 | 113 | 122 |
| Cash \& cash equivalents | $-1,413$ | -785 | $-1,530$ |
| Restricted cash | 58 | 50 | 52 |
| Net interest-bearing debt | 1,808 | $\mathbf{1 , 5 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 8 0 5}$ |

## Note 11 - Financial Risk

Crayon Group is exposed to a number of risks, including foreign currency exchange risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. For a detailed description of these risks and how they are managed, please see the 2022 Annual Report, Note 19.

On April 26, 2022, Crayon announced its decision to cease operations in Russia due to the war in Ukraine. An agreement was signed in December 2022 for a management buyout. The transaction will be subject to governmental approval in Russia that is expected to take up to about 6 months. The risk of the transaction not being approved is considered low, and consequently the sale transaction was recognized in December 2022. No further losses are expected related to this transaction.

## Market risk

## Interest rate exposure

The Group's interest rate risk arises from non-current borrowings at floating rate (cash flow interest rate risk). The Group is sensitive for changes in NIBOR having impact on the $1,800 \mathrm{~m}$ bond, the $1,000 \mathrm{~m}$ revolving credit facility and for a NOK 400 m cash-pool facility. The Group can also be sensitive to interests on other currencies due to a multicurrency cash-pool in Danske Bank. No interest positions are hedged.

Foreign currency risk exposure
Crayon has revenues and operating costs in various currencies. The global expansion of Crayon has led to significant business growth as well as currency exposure. The gross cost of licenses and proceeds for incentives are to a large extent determined in international markets, primarily denominated in Euro (EUR), US Dollar (USD), Swedish Kroner (SEK) and Australian Dollar (AUD) in addition to Norwegian Kroner (NOK), while our operating cost and any gross revenues more often are denominated in local currencies. A rather comprehensive volume of transactions and balances in foreign currencies make the group volatile for exchange rate
changes. The Group assesses business opportunities carefully to mitigate any current and future currency risks. The Group has a limited number of cash flow hedges to cover the risk of sale and purchase in different currencies. Crayon seeks primarily natural hedge to the extent it is economically viable.

By having operational units in different functional currencies, the Group is exposed to currency translation risks related to subsidiaries. Crayon aims to establish natural hedging positions if this is possible and economically viable. Hedging derivatives are considered on larger transactions involving currency exposure can be hedged by means of currency forwards.

## Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will be unable to meet its financial obligations when they are due, and that financing will not be available at a reasonable price. Crayon Group is impacted by liquidity fluctuation associated with its gross sales and growth. The cash flow from operating activities is mainly impacted by the EBITDA and changes in the net working capital managed by the subsidiaries.

The Group's covenants are attached to the revolving credit facilities and the bond loan. Net interest-bearing debt as of March 31, 2023, was NOK $1,808 \mathrm{~m}$, with a corresponding leverage ratio of 2.0x of Adj. EBITDA, providing significant headroom with regards to bank covenants ( $4.5 \times$ Adj. EBITDA) as of the end of the quarter.

The Group Treasury Department is responsible for Group cash flow forecasting and optimizing liquidity flows centrally. Group Treasury monitors forecasts of the Group's liquidity frequently and ensures that the operational requirements are met as well as always maintaining sufficient headroom on debt facilities. The Group has significant liquidity reserves available both through bank deposits, multicurrency cash-pool and RCF, amounting to NOK 1,917m at the end of the quarter and the liquidity risk is therefore considered low.

## Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operational activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions. The Group have deposits with sound financial institutions.

Management makes assessments of the credit risk and updates its estimates of losses and the corresponding provision for bad debt on a regular basis. Historical losses and ageing are analyzed, and additional credit risk premium based on geographical analysis and other statistic information on country risk have been incorporated in the loss provision model. Crayon measures allowance for bad debt based on lifetime expected credit losses (ELCs). This involves both backward and forward-looking information and analysis. The management estimate is most sensitive to the forward-looking analysis.

The Group have deposits with sound financial institutions. The Group Treasury overlooks the credit risk on a centralized level whilst the subsidiaries are responsible for enforcing standard payment and delivery terms and conditions towards the clients. Credit risk exposure is largely impacted by outstanding receivables and contract assets. Credit check and control procedure conducted by local subsidiaries ensure the credit quality of the customers of Crayon. The Group continues to intensify collection efforts over accounts receivable as a precaution against risk brought about by increased operations in new markets outside the core Nordic region.

Crayon present losses on accounts receivable as operating expenses. The impact of accounts receivable is presented below.

Allowance for doubtful accounts in the balance sheet

| (NOK millions) | Mar 31, 2023 | Mar 31, 2022 | Dec 31, 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Balance at Jan 1 | 116 | 86 | 86 |
| Currency translation | 9 | -4 | -0 |
| Net reversal/allowance | -3 | 7 | 30 |
| Closing balance | 122 | 88 | 116 |

Profit or loss effect of bad debt

| (NOK millions) | Q1 2023 | Q1 2022 | 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Realized losses | 3 | 0 | 28 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | -3 | 7 | 30 |
| Net accounting losses on receivables | -0 | 7 | 58 |

Accounts receivables include a significant delayed public sector payments in the Philippines amounting to approximately USD 45m. The Group has obtained a legal opinion supporting the claim, and no loss provision have been made.

## Note 12 - Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities



Contract assets are subsequent period net payments for multiple-period contracts where Crayon transfers services to a customer before the customer pays consideration. The assets are mainly related to contracts under the software and cloud divisions that were reassessed in 2022 as described in note 3.

## Note 14 - Seasonality of operations

The group's result of operations and cash flows has varied, and are expected to continue to vary, from quarter to quarter and period to period. These fluctuations have resulted from a variety of factors including contractual renewals being skewed towards Q2 and Q4, year-end campaigns by key vendors (Microsoft's fiscal year ends June 30, Oracle fiscal year ends May 31, and the number of working days in a quarter resulting in shorter production periods for consultants.

## Note 15 - Events after the balance sheet date

No significant events to report after the balance sheet date.

## Alternative Performance Measures

The financial information in this report is prepared under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as adopted by the EU. To enhance the understanding of Crayon's performance, the company has presented several alternative performance measures (APMs). An APM is defined by ESMA guidelines as a financial measure of historical or future financial performance, financial position, or cash flows, other than a financial measure defined or specified in the relevant accounting rules (IFRS). Alternative performance measures should not be viewed as a substitute for financial information presented in accordance with IFRS but rather as a complement. The Group believes that APMs such as adjusted EBITDA are commonly reported by companies in the markets in which Crayon compete and are widely used by investors in comparing performance on a consistent basis without regard to factors such as other share-based payments and other income and expenses, which can vary significantly from period to period, especially due to M\&A transactions and reorganizations. Crayon discloses the APMs to permit a more complete and comprehensive analysis of its underlying operating performance relative to other companies and across periods. Because companies may calculate gross sales, gross profit, adjusted EBITDA, other income and expenses, net working capital and liquidity reserve differently, the Company's presentation of these APMs may not be comparable to similar titled measures used by other companies.

Crayon uses the following APM's and definitions:
Adjusted EBITDA: EBITDA excluding share-based compensation and other income and expenses.

|  |  |  | Full year |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (NOK millions) | Q1 2023 | Q1 2022 | 2022 |
| EBITDA | 184 | 116 | 751 |
| Adjustments: |  |  |  |
| Share based compensation | 1 | 5 | 13 |
| Other income and expenses | 0 | 2 | 74 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 185 | 123 | 839 |

Adjusted EBITDA margin: Adjusted EBITDA / Gross profit.
CAPEX: Capital expenditures that mainly consist of office equipment and capitalizes expenses related to development activities according to IAS 38.

Constant currency: Foreign currency transactions converted to constant currency.
EBIT: Earnings before interest expense, other financial items, and income taxes.

EBITDA: Earnings before interest expense, other financial items, income taxes, depreciation, impairment and amortization.

Free available cash: Cash and cash equivalents less restricted cash.
Gross profit: Operating Revenue less materials and supplies.
Gross sales: Gross revenues assuming we were principal and not agent on all software resale being restated and reflect the actual billing for the relevant period.

|  |  | Full year |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| (NOK millions) | Q1 2023 | Q1 2022 | 2022 |
| Gross Sales | 11,676 | 8,536 | 38,761 |

Leverage ratio: Net interest-bearing debt (Note 10), divided by LTM adjusted EBITDA.
Liquidity reserve: Non-restricted cash and available credit facilities in each company where Crayon operates. The liquidity reserve does not consider any restrictions on cross border cash transfers.

| (NOK millions) | Mar 31, 2023 | Mar 31, 2022 | Dec 31, 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cash \& cash equivalents | 1,413 | 785 | 1,530 |
| Restricted cash | -58 | -50 | -52 |
| Free available cash | 1,355 | 735 | 1,477 |
| Available credit facility | 563 | 352 | 10 |
| Liquidity reserve | 1,917 | $\mathbf{1 , 0 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 8 7}$ |

LTM: Last twelve months.
Net interest-bearing debt: Interest-bearing debt including leasing less unrestricted cash (Note 10).

Net Working Capital: Non- interest-bearing current assets less non- interest-bearing current liabilities. Net Working Capital gives a measure of the funding required by the operations of the business

| (NOK millions) | Mar 31, 2023 | Mar 31, 2022 <br> Restated | Dec 31, 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Inventory | 19 | 2 | 17 |
| Accounts receivable | 6,617 | 4,866 | 6,563 |
| Accounts payable | $-7,281$ | $-4,945$ | $-6,563$ |
| Trade working capital | -644 | -77 | 17 |
| Unbilled revenue | 1,175 | 838 | 1,010 |
| Public duty receivables | 880 | 411 | 490 |
| Contract assets | 228 | 196 | 199 |
| Prepaid expenses \& other | 276 | 315 | 378 |
| Income taxes payable | -100 | -52 | -76 |
| Public duties | -484 | -415 | -613 |
| Accruals | $-1,053$ | -777 | -973 |
| Employee benefits related accruals | -348 | -289 | -367 |
| Prepayments \& ther | -148 | -153 | -185 |
| Other working capital | 426 | 74 | -138 |
| Net working capital | -218 | -3 | -121 |

Other income and expenses: Other income and expenses consist of M\&A expenses and directly related reorganizations, subsequent adjustment of contingent considerations or other subsequent adjustments in business combinations including earn-out payments recognized in profit or loss and any other significant non-recurring items. Other personnel costs in 2022 are mainly related to redundancy costs for restructuring following the acquisition of rhipe.

|  |  |  | Full year |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| (NOK milions) | Q1 2023 | Q1 2022 | 2022 |
| Business development expenses and legal structuring | 0 | 0 | -5 |
| Tax reassessment | 0 | 0 | -30 |
| Fair value adjustment earn-out | 0 | 0 | -28 |
| Other personell costs | 0 | -2 | -11 |
| Other income and expenses | 0 | -2 | -74 |

Organic growth: Comparable growth excluding effect of business combinations.
Trade Working Capital: The net amount of inventory, accounts receivables and accounts payables.

Restricted cash: The amount consists of employee taxes withheld and cash as collateral for bank guarantees.

YoY: Year over year, i.e. comparable period (e.g. quarter or YTD) last year.
YTD: Year to date.

Crayon Group Holding ASA
Gullhaug Torg 5
P.O. box 4384 Nydalen

0484 Oslo, Norway
+47 23006700
www.crayon.com

Investor Relations
https://www.crayon.com/investor-relations ir@crayon.com

